No. 14,125.

WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY, JUNE 8, 1898-TWELVE PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

AT THE WHITE HOUSE

Spain to Be Made to Still Further Feel the Sting of War.

SAMPSON TO CROSS THE OCEAN

If No Surrender After the Fall of Santiago and Porto Rico.

INVASION OF CUBA

It is said to be the President's plan that if Spain does not surrender after the fall of Santiago and Porto Rico, Admiral Sampson shall be sent across the ocean to blockade or bombard Spanish ports.

The invasion of Cuba will not be delayed until fall, but will begin so soon as operations against Santiago | Unfounded Rumor About Capt. Philip. and Porto Rico are completed.

The 15th Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry has been assigned to duty at Sheridan Point and Fort Washington, the principal defenses of the national capital.

Commander Miller has been detached from the command of the Merrimac, recently sunk in Santiago channel, and assigned to command the Pompey, recently commanded by the late Lieut. Commander Sturdy.

Secretary Alger declined to say this morning whether the United States troops had sailed from Tampa for Cuba.

The Senate passed a bill to organize a hospital corps of the navy, to define its duties and regulate its pay.

The War Department has chartered six more ships and has taken steps to obtain five more, which, it is believed, will solve the problem of obtaining transportation of troops to the Philippines.

A board has been appointed to visit Columbia, S. C., Savannah, Ga., and Fernandina and Miami, Fla. to select a suitable camp.

Philip of the Texas had been killed, but was promptly denied.

On good authority today it is said that the plans of the administration with regard to Spain extend much further than now supposed, even by those on the inside. The statement is made that if Spain does not surrender with the fall of Porto Rice and Santiago she will be made to feel the stirg of war at her own doors. The Spanlards at home will find out that all the stories told them about rotten American ships and Spanish victories are the merest

Sampson's Next Duty.

It is known that the belief of the President is that the fall of Porto Rico and Santiago will bring Spain to her knees, and this belief takes into account the stubborn Spanish nature and the fact that it is essential to the very existence of the Spanish government that the war be prolenged as long as possible, and the Spanish people fooled to the fullest extent. Knowing the possibility that the officials of Spain may still cling to a faint hope of victories, the President has already decided, it is said, to order Admiral Sampson against Spain herself so soen as certain operations in the West Indies are concluded. Of course, this projected mover-ent of Sampson is based upon the final disposition of Cervera, which everybody believes will be accomplished. That over, a goodly portion of the fleet will no longer be needed in West Indian waters and will be sent to Spain to teach the people how badly they are being fooled by their offi-

Cuban Invasion Not to Be Delayed. It is also said today that the invasion of Cuba proper has not been deferred until fall. The administration has been busy securing scientific information of the climate and conditions of Cuba. These facts tend to show that, properly cared for, the American troops will be as safe in Cuba as in Florida. Hospital camps will be estab-

lished in the mountains for the sick. The invasion of Cuba proper will be be gun with the ending of the operations against Porto Rico and Santiago. That may be a month off, but by that time everything will be ready for the landing of 100,000 men. Some of the troops which have become seasoned in the Santiago and Porto Rico campaigns will be withdrawn and with the reserve forces will be sent

against Blanco and his soldiers. The Scramble for Appointment.

The scramble for the few remaining army and navy appointments still goes on at the White House and at the departments. Old officials at the White House say that the number of callers is as large as in any of the palmy political days.

The pressure on congressmen from con stituents is very great, and these congressmen flock to the White House in the hope of satisfying the demands made upon them. It can be said, however, that the large mafority of these officials are considerate of the President, and state their business

Today's list of visitors showed over thirty senators and representatives, three cabinet members and a half dozen army and pavy officials, all of whom saw and with the President. Secretaries Day, Bliss and Alger were the cabinet members, and they had business which kept them with the President a good

while. Between fifty and one hundred unofficial seekers after places waited in the hope of seeing the President.

Among the senators who called were Messrs. Lodge, Cullom, Fairbanks, Perkins, Thurston, Cockrell and Turple. The President told several of his callers that he was confident there was no truth in the Madrid dispatch that Capt. Philip

of the Texas was killed by a shell. Some of the visitors discussed the an-

Representative Hull of Iowa, after seeing the President, said: "We will remain here until December or annex Hawaii. We will at least get a vote on the question."

War Balloons.

General Greeley called at the White House today regarding the progress of affairs in the signal service. He said that the two French war balloons to be used in the Cuban campaign will arrive at Tampa tonight. It is not stated what disposition will be made of them after this.

Senators Jones and Stewart of Nevada called in regard to an appointment desired

by a constituent of theirs. Colored Men and Commissions.

Representative White of North Carolina the only colored member of the House of Representatives, called on the President today to inquire about the many stories in circulation that no colored men will be appointed to offices above the rank of lieutenant in the five "immune" regiments allotted to the negro race. Mr. White told the President that those stories had been circulated so persistently as to cause many inquirles to be directed to him from all directions. The President said that the stories are without foundation, as he intends to make appointments for these regiments strictly on merit and irrespective of color. Any colored man competent to fill a high place in any of the regiments will not be discriminated against because of his color.

Secretary Day was the first caller to greet the President today. He spent about half an hour with him. On leaving he said there were no important dispatches and no developments in the war situation. One story that was current during the day at the White House was that Capt. Philip of the battle ship Texas had been killed by a shell fired by the Spaniards in the recent bombardment. The President was in consultation with a senator when he received a press dispatch to this effect. He promptly handed over the dispatch to be read and remarked that it was "nonsense," and that there was no reason to believe it to be true. He cited Admiral Sampson's official dispatch announcing no casualties, and said if the report was to be given credence he would have been wired immediately.

REVENUE BILL CONFERENCES.

The Tobacco Schedule the Subject of

The conferees on the war revenue bill continued their session today. The greater part of the forenoon session was devoted to hearing representations upon the tobacco schedule, which is still the subject of much controversy. Senator Daniel was in conference with the conferees on this schedule, and Senator Lindsay saw individual members of the committee concerning it. The two points in dispute are the regulations concerning the size of packages and the taxation of stock in hand.

The Chilton amendment to schedule B applying the provisions in relation to proprietary medicinal articles is also the subject of much controversy. The New Engand senators are generally clamoring for A report was circulated that Capt. ground that it practically provides for the the omission of this amendment on the taxation of all manufactured articles.

The committee has not yet announced a decision on the amendment, but the indicommittee had with it today some of the experts from the office of the commissioner of internal revenue on the administrative

teatures of the bill. The republican members of the conference committee have practically reached an agreement on the most important items of difference between the two houses. They relate to the coinage of the sliver bullion the form of the bond provision and the amount of the bonds, the inheritance tax, the duty on tea, etc. These questions have not yet been raised in the full conference and the republicans decline to state any

points of their agreement. The general impression among Senators is that there will be some provision for ceining the seigniorage and possibly all the silver bullion in the Treasury, but it is not believed that the terms of the Senate provision will be accepted without material modification. The result of the Oregon election strengthened those opposed to making any concessions to silver, but it also had the effect of causing the western republican senators to be all the more ciamorous for recognition. They express confidence that their representation will not go unheeded and they profess to speak upon assurances from republican mem-

SUITABLE CAMPING GROUND.

A Board Appointed to Visit Southern Cities.

bers of the conference.

The Secretary of War has appointed a poard, consisting of Col. Charles R. Greeneaf, assistant surgeon general; Major F. G. Hogson, quartermaster; Major George H. Hopkins, assistant adjutant general, and Lieut. Edgar Jadwin, to visit Columbia, S. C.; Savannah, Ga.; Fernandina and Miami, Fla., with a view to ascertaining a suitable amp ground for forces now in the field Having completed this duty, all the members of the board will return to this city and submit a report in writing as to the result of their observations.

ENGINEER MENOCAL'S CASE.

regarded by the Department. Acting Secretary Allen has approved the proceedings, findings and sentence in the case of the court-martial which passed upon the charges against Civil Engineer A. G. Menocal. The officer was found guilty of negligence in connection with the construction of the big dry dock in the New York navy yard, and was sentenced to suspension from duty for three years, on furlough pay, which is \$1,250 per annum, while his full pay was \$3,000. Nine of the ten members of the court-martial recom-mended the exercise of clemency in this case, but the department disregarded the

recommendation

New Names for Naval Vessels. New names have been selected for several recent acquisitions to the navy. The steamer Whitgiff, which has been chartered to tow the monitor Monadnock to Manila, has been renamed the Nero The tug Kate Jones has been named Seminole. The ferry boat East Boston and the yacht Inca will retain their

Mr. Dawes to Déliver Address. DETROIT, Mich., June 8.-Charles G. Dawes, controller of the currency, has accepted an invitation to address the convention of the National Association of

present names.

Steamship Arrivals. At New York, Prinz Regent Lultpold,

from Bremen. At Southampton, Chester, from York, via Queenstown. nexation of Hawaii with the President

cial Spanish Source.

tiago on Monday.

MADRID, June 8.-A semi-official note was published here today purporting to give an account of the bombardment of Santiago de Cuba by the American fleet on Monday last:

"The American navy, under Admiral Sampson, has fiercely attacked Santiago de Cuba and a bloody encounter ensued. The Americans made three attacks on the Spanish marine and land batteries, which replied. As a consequence, the Americans were repulsed with heavy losses, estimated at 1,500 men.

"The Americans projectiles, however, sank the Spanish cruiser Reina Mercedes.' A Conflicting Report.

Another dispatch received here from Havana, from Spanish sources, says "the Americans were again repulsed at the last bombardment of Santiago de Cuba."

Continuing, this report asserts that the damage done to the batteries and towns "is unimportant or is already repaired," The Spanish guns did not cease to fire an instant during the fight and all the batteries are in condition to reply to the enemy's fire. During the second attack Colonel Ordenez was on board the Reina Mercedes and personally assisted in working her guns. Every one regards Colonel Ordenez and General Linarez as the heroes of the day."

According to official Spanish dispatches received here, the exact loss of the Spanlards at Santiago de Cuba on Monday is as follows:

Land forces-One soldier killed and five officers wounded, including Col. Ordenez, slightly wounded.

Sea forces-The second officer in command of the Reina Mercedes, five sailors and twenty-nine marines killed, and an officer and eleven sailors wounded. The official dispatches also say that many

of the wounded, including Col. Ordenez, are able to attend to their duties. It is announced here that the Spanish

steamer Benito has "run the blockade of Manzanillo" and arrived at Jamaica. Another Havana Account.

(Copyright, 1898, by Associated Press.) HAVANA, June 7 (Delayed in transmission.)-Details from Spanish sources at Santiago de Cuba were received here today of the Spanish losses during the bombardment of the forts there by the American fleet on Monday. The "marine chief" killed on board the Reina Mercedes was former Capt. Emilio Acosta Eyormanu. Ensign Alejandro Molins, also of the Reina Mercedes, was killed. Col. Ordenez of the ar tillery, and inventor of the cannon bearing his name, was slightly wounded. Some other officers were slightly wounded by projectiles, shells and fragments scattered by the explosion of shells on land.

The insurgents today dynamited a pas senger train near Canas, province of Pinar del Rio, overthrowing one car and derailing the train.

The Vizcaya Damaged.

NEW YORK, June 8 .- A special from Kingston, Jamaica, reports that the Spanish cruiser Vizcaya and the torpedo boat destroyer Furor were badly damaged during the bombardment of Santiago's de fenses on Monday.

A shell from the Brooklyn is said to have burst under the Vizcaya's port quarter, dismounting a gun, injuring the cruiser's rudder and wounding several of her sailors.

MAKES THINGS HOT FOR SPANISH. Gunboat Leyden at Cardenas Blazes Away at Them.

KEY WEST, Fla., June 8.-An auxiliary gunboat which arrived here this morning from Cardenas reports all quiet there, except that the auxiliary gunboat Leyden is making things very lively for the Spanjards by blazing away at them whenever she sees a movement on the Spanish gurboats or on the defensive works at Car-

The British collier Roath, a sister ship of the Restormel, was held up on June 4 by an American gunboat. Not responding promptly to a blank shot, a solid shot was sent across her. Next day she was held up by a second gunboat and obeyed im-

mediately. The Roath was in ballast, bound for Mobile, from San Juan de Porto Rico. where she had discharged her cargo of

TO DEFEND CITY APPROACHES.

The Fifteenth Penusylvania Assigned to the Potomac Batteries.

Gen. Frank, commanding the Department of the East, has assigned the 15th Pennsylvania Regiment of Infantry Volunteers to duty at Sheridan Point, Va., and at Fort Washington, Md., the batteries at which places constitute the principal protection to the national capital from attack by water.

MRS. ATKINSON NOT GUILTY.

Case Against Wife of West Virginia Governor Falls Through.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 8.-A special from Glenville, W. Va., says: The jury last night returned a verdict of not guilty in the indictment in which Mrs Atkinson, wife of the governor, was a codefendant. This ends the long and noted case in which Mrs. Atkinson was che

Army Orders of Local Interest. Capt. James R. Hosmer, assistant quartermaster, U. S. V., has been ordered to Dunn Loring, Va., and report in person to Major M. C. Martin, quartermaster, for

Major R. P. Strong, U. S. V., has been ordered to report to Major General Graham, commanding the 2d Army Corps, at Fails Church, for assignment to duty as signal officer of that corps. Lieut. B. O. Leonir, U. S. V., has been ordered to duty under the direction of Major Strong.

temporary duty under his direction.

The following named officers of the Vol-unteer Signal Corps have been ordered to take places at the Washington barracks, District of Columbia: Capt. W. H. Lamar and Lieut. A. C. Thomson and Lieut. T. R. J. Campbell.

THE MERCEDES SUNK MANILA EXPEDITION SECY. ALGER SILENT

itzer Battery Along.

VIZCAYA AND FUROR DAMAGED ANOTHER TRANSPORT CHARTERED THERE HAS BEEN TOO MUCH TALKING

part in a Few Days.

CONFLICT IN THE NEWS TARGET PRACTICE ORDERED LANDING OF THE MARINES

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 8.-Gen. Merritt's latest order for the campaign in the Philippines is that a battery of six mountain howitzers shall be taken on the next expedition to Manila. To move the guns, carriages and ammunition in the Philippines a pack train of mules will be required. It is understood that Lieut. Carson, 4th United States Cavalry, will be in command of the battery.

The general court-martial in session at Camp Merritt has convicted John Campbell of the 10th Pennsylvania Volunteers, who attacked a colored man at Mt. Gretna, Pa., just before the regiment left for the coast. A light sentence was imposed, as Campbell has practically been in prison a month.

More Transports for Manila. The steamer Morgan City has been char-

tered as a transport by the government. She has sleeping accommodations for near ly 800 people. She will be inspected by the medical surveyor today and can be made ready for sea by the end of the week. The charter price is \$660 a day. The City of Para, due here today from Panama, is almost certain to be chartered and the Leelana may also become a transport. The Leelana came here from the east as a collier, but has been converted into a fine passenger steamer.

The Indiana, which has been chartered at Seattle, will be fitted up here to accommodate 900 men.

The second fleet of transports may put to sea on Saturday afternoon, but will not get away until Monday. The Colon will be fumigated today and then the stores will be put on board. The China will begin taking on stores tomorrow and can be loaded by Saturday. The Zealandia is ready to sail at short notice, so the departure of the expedition within a few days is now a certainty.

Ammunition for Target Practice.

Preparatory to their departure for Manila the men of the Colorado and Pennsylvania regiments have been supplied with ammunition for target practice. All the troops now in camp will shoot over the Presidio ranges in turn, beginning today.

The Utah cavalry carry heavy intrenchment knives instead of sabers. The knives are about a foot long, and their blades are as wide as the base of a mason's trowel. They are very formidable weapons at close quarters.

Contributions to the Red Cross Society of California now amount to \$40,534.

Iowa Troops for Manila. DES MOINES, Iowa, June 8.-It is ex-

pected at Camp McKinley that the 49th Regiment is to follow the 51st toward Manla. Col. Dows has not received any official instructions to this effect, but the agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad says he has direct instructions that his road is to take half of the men to Omaha, on their way to San Francisco.

BACK FROM PORTO RICO.

Lieut. Whitney Returns Safely From a Dangerous Mission. NEW YORK, June 8.-Lleut. Henry H.

Whitney, 4th United States Artillery, who has twice penetrated into the very heart of Spanish territory, once in Cuba and lastly in Porto Rico, arrived here today on the British steamer Ardanrose from Porto Rico. Through him the War Department will soon be in possession of important and accurate information concerning the military strength and defenses of the island.

The Porto Rican mission was undertaken under orders from the department to travel through the most strongly fortified places and the headquarters of military bodies and observe their strength and the prepara-

and observe their strength and the prepara-tion the commanders had made to resist occupation by the American troops. Lieut. Whitney made the journey with great expedition. He found 5,000 volunteer troops and 4,500 regulars in and about

The soldiers were sickly, however, and discontented for lack of pay.

Food he found to be alarmingly scarce, and that fact, combined with the American sentiment pervading the towns, inclined him to the belief that if the United States troops did not invest the island within a month the inhabitants would turn upon the Spaniards and drive them out.

DEBT ON HOBSON HOMESTEAD.

Father of Merrimac Hero Has Tendered the Amount Due.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 8.-In view of the published statement that the homestead, at Greensboro', Ala., occupied by the mother of Lieutenant Hobson, the Merrimac hero, was heavily mortgaged, and that a popular subscription was started to release it, the Times Star wired to that city for the facts, and today received this re-

GREENSBORO', Ala., June 8.—Your inquiry received. Judge Hobson has tendered to the mortgage company the amount due on the mortgage. There is a dispute as to the amount of the debt, but the money is in hand to pay any amount due, and no is in hand to pay any amount due, and no aid is needed of any sort. Please publish

this. (Signed) H. C. BENNERS.

PANAMA'S OFFICERS TO GO HOME. Will Sail for Gibraltar Saturday of Tartar Prince. NEW YORK, June 8.-The captain, offi-

cers and crew of the Spanish steamship

Panama, now a United States prize and awaiting sale at this port, will sail for Gibraltar on the Tartar Prince on Saturday next. The captain, officers and crew of the Spanish steamship Rita, now a United States prize, went aboard the White Star steamship Britannic, which sailed for Liverpool today. Mrs. Fernandez Mendez and three children, and the boy Martiz

Now It is the "Dewey Two DETROIT, Mich., June 8.—The National Dancing Masters' Association, in session here, has approved the new dances.'
"Dewey Two-Step" and the "Cavalry Cakewalk."

This Report Comes From Semi-Offi- | Gen. Merritt Orders a Mountain How- | Refuses to Say Whether Troops Have Left Tampa.

More Details of the Fight at San- The Second Detachment Will De- No Further Word Received From Admiral Sampson.

Secretary Alger this morning positively declined to say whether the United States troops had sailed yet from Tampa for Cuba. He holds that notwithstanding the bottling up of the Spanish squadron in Santiago, there are still good and sufficient reasons why every precaution should be adopted to prevent the Spaniards from obtaining information as to the departure of our troops, the point selected for their debarkation and the strength of the expedition. He was a good deal annoyed at the attempt of some of the newspapers this morning to indicate the very point selected for landing the troops and siege guns in the neighborhood of Santiago. If it were true that the department had selected a place where there is a strong wharf upon which the vessels may discharge the heavy siege train directly, the publication of that fact, if authenticated, might very naturally lead the Spaniards to destroy that particular wharf and thus seriously hamper

the operations of the troops. Careful inquiry at other places in the War Department where information as to the movement of the troops might naturally be expected, developed the fact that no word had yet come of the departure of the military expedition from Tampa. As the troops are under orders to go to sea just as soon as they can be made ready without further direction from the department, it is deemed trobable that they will get off some time during the day and that notice to that effect will be the next news received at the department.

Nothing More From Sampson. No further word from Admiral Sampson was received at the Navy Department during the night or this morning. The bulletin made public by the department last night in confirmation of the press reports of the attack upon Santiago last Monday is believed to be merely a skeleton statement of Admiral Sampson's cablegram, which, it is surmised, contained a good deal more infermation than it was deemed prudent to make rublic. Of course, to protect the naval cipher, the matter published was a paraphrase and it was said at the department this morning that the term used in the bulletin "silenced works quickly without injury at any time" was based upon a statement in the original dispatch broad enough to indicate that the ships had susthined no injuries and that there had been

American fleet. Only Marines Landed.

Naval officers this morning expressed the belief that about all of the force landed Monday from Sampson's fleet were marines, and that their purpose was not so much to take military possession of the landing as, perhaps, to spike some guns and destroy some batteries that might have been reoccupied by the Spaniards to advantage after the retirement of the American fleet from

One object of Sampson's attack which has escaped general observation, though exceedingly important, was pointed out at the Navy Department this morning. This was to prevent the Spaniards from making a successful attempt to remove the obstruction of the channel caused by the wreck of the Merrimac. Having silenced the forts at the entrance of the harbor, which while effective obliged the American fleet to lie many miles out at sea to keep out of range of their guns, Sampson will now be able to place one or more of his ships close to the mouth of the bottle, where they will lie in comparative safety and yet be able to command easily with their guns the wrack of the Merrimac.

Gen. Bancroft Sent to Tampa. Brigadier General Bancroft of Massachusetts was at the War Department today receiving final instructions. He has been

assigned to duty with Gen. Shafter's corps at Tampa, Fia. The Hospital Ship.

The ambulance ship Solace sailed from New York today to join Admiral Sampson's squadron. She took all the contributions from the various relief organizations that have been sent to Medical Director Bloodgood for distribution to the sick or wound-

ed of the fleet. Surgeon General Van Revpen will send by the Solace for distribution fifty boxes of oranges and fifty boxes of lemons. He has also given the surgeon of the Solace \$500 to assist in the subsistence of the sick or wounded, or to buy delicacies for them in any port the Solace may enter. Being a neutral ship, under the Geneva cross flag, she has free access to any port.

ASSESSMENT OF BENEFITS.

The Rock Creek Park Commission Soon to Take Up the Question.

The Rock Creek park commission held an important meeting yesterday afternoon and completed arrangements for a public meeting to be held on the 23d inst. for the consideration of the question of the benefits which have resulted to adjacent property by the establishment of the park. Final action on this question has been de final action on this question has been de-ferred, pending the action of the courts on the legality of the proposed assess-ments. Notice of the proposed meeting will be advertised in the newspapers. The commission is composed of Gen. Wilson, chief of engineers; Col. Beach, engineer commissioner of the District; Mr. Langley of the Smithsonian Insitution; Gen: Boynton and Mr. Ross Perry.

CARRANZA AND DU BOSC.

Belief That They Will Be Ordered From Canadian Soil.

The negotiations for the expulsion of Carranza and Du Bosc are progressing satstactorily. The President and State Decartment are satisfied that these superin Rodriguez, who were passengers on board the Rita when she was captured by United States war vessels, sailed today for St. Kitts, West Indies, on board the steamer endents of the Spanish spy system in this country will soon be ordered from Cana-

partment today and it was reported that ne was in conference with Secretary Gage regarding the Carranza letter, but this proved incorrect. It is ascertained, however, that so soon as the State Department called the attention of the British govern-ment to the matter the officials of the se-cret service were instructed to hold them-

selves in readiness to furnish the British government with the original letter of Car-

AGAIN POSTPONED government with the original letter of Car-ranza.

Carranza's assertions that the letter was Carranza's assertions that the letter was improperly translated will be shown to the British government to be false. The original letter is at the disposition of Sir Julian Pauncefote, who can have it translated by officials of his embassy. In addition, the letter has been photographed and the photographic copies can be obtained by those who are entitled to them.

GOING TO GREENLAND.

An Unusual Cruise to Be Made by the St. Mary's.

The school ship St. Mary's, stationed at New York, will make an unusual cruise this year, carrying the boys to Greenland and within the arctic circle, in order to give them an insight into the life of the Esquimaux and the geography of their country. Lieut. Howard Patterson is in command of the vessel, and there are now about seventy-three boys on the ship undergoing a course of instruction in navigation and seamanship. For over twenty years past it has been the custom for the school ship to make an annual visit to the Mediterranean. but, in view of the war, it was thought best to select another destination for this year's cruise. It is expected that the vessel will start on her trip to the frozen north

Money Orders for the Soldiers. For the convenience of the troops at Camp Alger, near Falls Church, Va., the Post Office Department has opened there Post Office Department has opened there a money order office as a branch of the Washington office, to be known as "Camp Alger Postal Station, Washington, D. C."

A money order office has also been opened at Chickamauga Park as a branch of the Chattanooga, Tenn., office, to be known as "Chickamauga Park Postal Station, Chattanooga, Tenn.," so that soldiers may receive payment of money orders within the lines of the encampment. Persons desiring to send money orders to soldiers at these camps should request that they be drawn as above. drawn as above.

BELOW THE STANDARD. Condition of City Water During the Month of May.

According to Colonel Bingham, the engireer officer temporarily in charge of the Washington aqueduct, the condition of the water served to the people of the District of Columbia was not up to the standard during the past month. The water as it was tested at Great Falls before it entered the system was very turbid for twenty-five days and clear only six days during the month, while at the effluent gate house of the distributing reservoir, where it enters the pipes conveying it to the city, the water was very turbid ten days, turbid seven days, and clear fourteen days, aboving and days and clear fourteen days, turble seven days and clear fourteen days, showing a slight improvement in its condition be-tween its entrance and exit from the reser-

AFTER MANY YEARS.

Gen. Butler Has His Field Glasses Re-

turned to Him. When Maj. Gen. M. C. Butler returned from South Carolina on Monday he found a neatly arranged express package. When this was opened a pair of field glasses was found. Accompanying them was a note ficm a Mrs. Kemper of Virginia, saying that she had come into possession of them after the severe wounding of General Butler. From this wound the general lost a leg. General Butler instantly recognized no casualties among the personnel of the the glasses as having belonged to him when he was a confederate officer. Swinging them across his shoulder, he said: "Well, tl is is something to think about. The last wore these I was a confederate of-Nov I am a Yankee." The last word

ficer. No v I am a Yankee.' was used with pride.

The New York Camp of Sons of the American Revolution has decided to present General Butler with a splendid horse and trappings. At the same time the camp will present Brig. Gen. Fred. Grant with a beautiful sword Johr C. Calhoun, an ex-confederate, will make the presentation to General Grant, and Dr. French, an extion should never be made to overcome the federal soldier, will make the presentation to General Butler at Camp Alger. majority of the party. In this "exception-

MAKE FAVORABLE REPORT.

Commissioners Forward Report on Bills for Street Extensions. Senate bill 4662, for the extension of 19th street northwest, and House bills 10383 and 10399, for the extension of Rhode Island avenue, were favorably reported today by the District Commissioners in letters addressed by them to the chairman of the Senate District committee and to the chair-man of the House District committee. The Commissioners recommend in the matter of 19th street that the United States shall

bear one-half of the expense. LATER RETURNS FROM OREGON.

Geer⁷s Plurality for Governor Already 7,570 Over King. PORTLAND, Oreg., June 8.-Practically complete returns from twenty-five out of thirty-two counties of the state give the following results:

For governor-Geer, republican, 35,648; King, fusionist, 28,078. Geer's plurality, For congressmen-First district: Tongue, republican, 18,874; Veatch, fusionist, 16,-

985. Tongue's plurality, 1,889. Second district-Moody, republican, 15, 237; Donaldson, fusionist, 10,724. Moody's osi; Donaldson, Iusionist, 10,724. Moody's plurality, 4,613.

Geer's plurality for governor will be increased by the complete returns.

The legislatures will stand as follows:

Senate—Republicans 24; opposition 6. House—Republicans 44; opposition 16. Joint ballot—Republicans 68; opposition TO BE LAUNCHED IN NOVEMBER.

Will Be Like Oregon. MILWAUKEE, Wis., June 8.-Irving M. Scott, president of the Union Iron Works, San Francisco, in a letter to the Milwaukee Journal states that according to his belief the new battle ship Wisconsin will belief the new battle ship Wisconsin will be launched some time in November. In conclusion, Mr. Scott writes: "We trust the Wisconsin will follow on the lines of the illustrious Oregon, and be as good a ship. It would be almost im-possible to wish her better."

Irving Scott Hopes the Wisconsin

W. A. Rodenburgh Nominated. NASHVILLE, Ill., June 8.-W. A. Roden ourgh of East St. Louis has been nominated for Congress by the republicans of the twenty-first district. The resolutions

adopted indorsed the national adminis-

tration, McKinfey's war policy, gold stan-dard, reciprocity and protection. St. Paul Sails Today.

NEW YORK, June 8.-All necessary stores having been taken aboard the auxiliary cruiser St. Paul, she sailed at noon tcday under sealed orders. She has taker aboard since her arrival off St. George, S. L. on Friday, nearly 5,000 tons of coal and 250,000 gallons of water. Some additions have been made to her crew.

Big Summer Hotel Burns. BELFAST, Me., June 8.-The large sum

ner hotel at Fort Point, together with contents, was burned during the night. lord Clark and a servant. The hotel was one of the largest in this section of the state. The loss is estimate at nearly \$70,000.

give the last address as well as the

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Speaker Reed's Efforts Against Ha-

VOLUNTEER VOTING BILL INTERPOSED

Some Friends Appear to Lack the Courage of Their Convictions.

REED AND OXNARD

Again there is a postponement of the consideration of the Hawalian resolution in the House. The volunteers' voting bill was made a continuing order, "subject to the tariff conference report." Between this measure and the tariff conference report this week can be consumed if nothing else suggests itself as an obstruction. The possibilities of postponement are indefinite as iong as those who profess to favor annexation are lacking in the courage to insist upon their rights as a majority of the House.

A Peremptory Caucus Call. Some of the republicans of the House who are carnest in their desire to have

this question disposed of began this morning to circulate a peremptory call for a caucus. More than a hundred signed a caucus call some time ago, but Mr. Reed has succeeded in having the caucus held up. It is now proposed to make the call peremptory. But some of the alleged advocates of annexation are hanging back. They are brave talkers in the cloak room, but their courage is suddenly extracted by the autocratic influence of Speaker Reed. It is fully known that the intention is to have Congress adjourn as soon as the revenue bill has been signed by the President. Yet Speaker Reed is listened to when he argues that the Hawaiian question should not be taken up by the House until after the tariff bill has been finally disposed of.

Some Lukewarm Annexationists.

There appear to be some republicans in the House who will be perfectly satisfied if they can get the credit among their constituents of being in favor of annexation, but do not care whether action is had or not. They figure that if the House passes the resolution just before adjournment they can vote for it and get credit for their votes, and then throw upon the Senate the responsibility for failure. These men are giving most valuable assistance to Mr. Reed, Mr. Pettigrew, Mr. White and the sugar trust, and are placing the friends of Hawaii in the Senate at an unfair disadvantage. They are placing it in the power of a few men in the Senate to obstruct action there, while aiming to shield themselves by throwing the responsibility upon

the Senate at the eleventh hour. The Speaker's Latest Suggestion. It is said that the latest suggestion of eaker Reed to Mr. Hitt when h ed to permit consideration of the resolution, was that Mr. Dingley be asked to call it up. Thereupon Mr. Hitt, it is asserted, went to Mr. Dingley and he refused to assume the responsibility. The fact that a majority of the democratic party in Congress have taken sides against annexation is a great assistance to Mr. Reed, and he does not hesitate to avail himself of it, though his doctrine of party management has been that alliances with the opposi-

al" case it seems that all custom must be ignored at the behest of certain business Reed's Suggestion to Orners.

Mr. Oxnard is quoted as saying some days ago that at the suggestion of Mr. Reed he was going to see Mr. Daizell, a member of the rules committee, and that he hoped to be able to make it impossible for any special order for annexation to be

reported from that committee.

OPEN TO MISAPPREHENSION. Mr. Curson's Remarks in the British

House of Commons. A statement made by Mr. Curzon in the house of commons yesterday to the effect that negotiations were progressing for a settlement of all open questions between the United States and Great Britain has very naturally attracted a great deal of attention and has been the subject of some very vigorous cabling between representatives of the European powers stationed at Washington and their home governments. There is official authority for the statement that if Mr. Curzon's remarks are accepted as correctly published it will lead to a misapprehension of the facts. He probably added the words "In respect to the dominion of Canada" as only Canadian questions are being considered. Of course, however, in order to comply with diplomatic rules, the negotiations are between the United States and Great Britain and Canada can-

not appear as a principal in the matter. The same view expressed by the officials here was taken at the British embassy. where, on inquiry, it was stated that there was clearly a clerical error in the state-ment from the foreign office. The protocol recently signed here specifically states that the subjects to be submitted to a joint commission are those "pending and re-maining unsettled between the United States and Canada." Besides limiting the subjects to those relating to Canada the words "remaining unsettled," restrict the work of the commission to those old and well known questions of controversy, and expressly excludes new questions. As the so-called Anglo-American, alliance and kindred questions, which have aroused much conjectures, are distinctly new, the restriction of the averaged well known questions of controversy. restriction of the protocol to old questions "remaining unsettled" obviously excludes all these new topics which, by the way, have never advanced beyond general con-

POSTAL SAVINGS BANK

Senate Committee Authorizes a Favorable Report. The Senate committee on post offices

and post roads today authorized a favorable report upon the bill providing for the establishment of a system of postal save ngs banks. The bill reported is the regular commit-

tee measure. It authorizes every money order post office to receive deposits for any sum in excess of \$1, and allows interest at the rate of 2 per cent. For Wages of Coiners Secretary Gage sent to the House today a

Secretary Gage sent to the House today a recommendation for the appropriation of \$250,000 for the payment of wages of workmen and the contingent expenses at the mints in coining gold and subsidiary silver during the next fiscal year, together with an elaborate statement of the gold bullion now in the treasury and the need for its conversion for prompt use.

waiian Annexation Resolution.